

Name _____ Class _____		I need help I got some of it I have nailed it	How I am going to improve my knowledge or understanding. Eg Revision Guides, GCSE Pods, Practise papers or Intervention
Teacher _____ Target Grade _____			
AQA GCSE Geography Paper 2: Challenges in the human environment			
Section B: The Changing Economic World			
Key idea: There are global variations in economic development and quality of life.			
82 I can explain that there are different ways of classifying parts of the world according to their level of economic development and quality of life .			
83 I understand different economic and social measures of development : gross national income (GNI) per head, birth and death rates, infant mortality, life expectancy, people per doctor, literacy rates, access to safe water, Human Development Index (HDI).			
84 I can explain the limitations of economic and social measures.			
85 I can describe and explain the links between stages of the Demographic Transition Model and the level of development.			
86 I can describe and explain the causes of uneven development: physical, economic and historical.			
87 I understand consequences of uneven development: disparities in wealth and health, international migration.			
88 I can describe the consequences of uneven development: disparities in wealth and health, international migration.			
Key idea: Various strategies exist for reducing the global development gap.			
89 I can outline the strategies used to reduce the development gap: investment, industrial development and tourism, aid, using intermediate technology, fairtrade, debt relief, microfinance loans.			
90 I can use an example to describe and explain how the growth of tourism in an LIC or NEE helps to reduce the development gap.			
Key idea: Some LICs and NEEs are experiencing rapid economic development which leads to significant social, environmental and cultural			
91 I can use a case study (India or Nigeria) of a LIC or NEE to illustrate: the location and importance of the country, regionally and globally; the wider political, social, cultural and environmental context within which the country is placed; the changing industrial structure . The balance between different sectors of the economy . How manufacturing industry can stimulate economic development ; the role of transnational corporations (TNCs) in relation to industrial development. Advantages and disadvantages of TNC(s) to the host country; the changing political and trading relationships with the wider world; international aid : types of aid, impacts of aid on the receiving country; the environmental impacts of economic development; the effects of economic development on quality of life for the population.			
Key idea: Major changes in the economy of the UK have affected, and will continue to affect, employment patterns and regional growth.			
92 I can describe and explain the causes of economic change: de-industrialisation and decline of traditional industrial base, globalisation and government policies			
93 I can describe and explain reasons for moving towards a post-industrial economy: development of information technology, service industries, finance, research, science and business parks			
94 I can describe the impacts of industry on the physical environment and using an example explain how modern industrial development can be more environmentally sustainable			
95 I can describe and explain the social and economic changes in the rural landscape in one area of population growth and one area of population decline			
96 I can describe and explain the improvements and new developments in road and rail infrastructure, port and airport capacity			
97 I can explain the north–south divide. Outline strategies used in an attempt to resolve regional differences			
98 I can Describe the place of the UK in the wider world. Describe and explain the links through trade, culture, transport, and electronic communication and the economic and political links looking specifically at the European Union (EU) and Commonwealth.			